

Mouse CD279 (PD-1) Antibody

Purified in vivo GOLD™ Functional Grade **Monoclonal Antibody**

Product Information

Product No.:	P362
Clone:	RMP1-14
RRID:	AB_2737469
lsotype:	Rat IgG2a κ
Storage:	Sterile 2-8°C

kDa	1	2	
250- 150- 100-			Lane 1: 1 ug reduced recombinant mouse PD-1 (CD279)
75- 50-	-	-	Lane 2: 0.5 ug reduced recombinant mouse PD-1 (CD279)
37- 25-			Primary: anti-mouse PD-1 (CD279) antibody (RMP1-14) at 10 ug/ml
25-			(Prod. No. P362)
20-			Secondary: HRP labeled goat anti-rat at 1:1000 dilution (Prod. No. R1215)
15-	10-	Predicted band size: ~40-60 kDa	

Product Description

Specificity:

Clone RMP1-14 recognizes an epitope on mouse PD-1.

Antigen Distribution:

PD-1 is expressed on a subset of CD4-CD8- thymocytes, and on activated T and B cells.

Background:

PD-1 is a 50-55 kD member of the B7 lg superfamily. PD-1 is also a member of the extended CD28/CTLA-4 family of T cell regulators and is suspected to play a role in lymphocyte clonal selection and peripheral tolerance. The ligands of PD-1 are PD-L1 and PD-L2, and are also members of the B7 Ig superfamily. PD-1 and its ligands negatively regulate immune responses. PD-L1, or B7-Homolog 1, is a 40 kD type I transmembrane protein that has been reported to costimulate T cell growth and cytokine production. The interaction of PD-1 with its ligand PD-L1 is critical in the inhibition of T cell responses that include T cell proliferation and cytokine production. PD-L1 has increased expression in several cancers. Inhibition of the interaction between PD-1 and PD-L1 can serve as an immune checkpoint blockade by improving T-cell responses In vitro and mediating preclinical antitumor activity. Within the field of checkpoint inhibition, combination therapy using anti-PD1 in conjunction with anti-CTLA4 has significant therapeutic potential for tumor treatments. PD-L2 is a 25 kD type I transmembrane ligand of PD-1. Via PD-1, PD-L2 can serve as a co-inhibitor of T cell functions. Regulation of T cell responses, including enhanced T cell proliferation and cytokine production, can result from mAbs that block the PD-L2 and PD-1 interaction.

Known Reactivity Species:

Mouse

Format:

Purified in vivo GOLD™ Functional Grade

Immunogen:

Mouse PD-1 transfected BHK cells

Formulation

This monoclonal antibody is aseptically packaged and formulated in 0.01 M phosphate buffered saline (150 mM NaCl) PBS pH 7.2 - 7.4 with no carrier protein, potassium, calcium or preservatives added. Due to inherent biochemical properties of antibodies, certain products may be prone to precipitation over time. Precipitation may be removed by aseptic centrifugation and/or filtration.

Purity

≥95% monomer by analytical SEC, >95% by SDS Page

Endotoxin

< 1.0 EU/mg as determined by the LAL method

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Storage and Stability

Functional grade preclinical antibodies may be stored sterile as received at $2-8^{\circ}$ C for up to one month. For longer term storage, aseptically aliquot in working volumes without diluting and store at $\leq -70^{\circ}$ C. Avoid Repeated Freeze Thaw Cycles.

Product Preparation

Functional grade preclinical antibodies are manufactured in an animal free facility using *in vitro* cell culture techniques and are purified by a multi-step process including the use of protein A or G to assure extremely low levels of endotoxins, leachable protein A or aggregates.

Country of Origin USA

References

1.) Ardolino, M. et al. (2018) J Clin Invest. 128(10):4654-4668. PubMed

- 2.) Schreiber, RD. et al. (2017) Cancer Immunol Res. 5(2):106-117.
- 3.) Honjo, T. et al. (1992) EMBO J. 11:3887.
- 4.) Wurster S. et al. (2020) The Journal of Infectious Diseases 222(6):1989–994 Journal Link

5.) Lo, R. et al. (2021) Cancer Cell 39(10):1375-1387.e6 Journal Link