

# Mouse H-2Kb (MHC Class I) Antibody

# Purified in vivo GOLD™ Functional Grade

**Monoclonal Antibody** 

**Product Information** 

Product No.: Y100 Clone: Y-3

RRID: AB\_2737575
Isotype: Mouse IgG2b κ
Storage: Sterile 2-8°C

### **Product Description**

### Specificity:

Clone Y-3 recognizes an epitope on mouse MHC class I H-2K haplotypes b, k, q, r, s, but not d.

### **Antigen Distribution:**

H-2K is ubiquitously expressed on nucleated cells.

#### **Background:**

H-2K antibody, clone Y-3, recognizes the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class I H-2K haplotypes b, k, q, r, s, but not d. MHC class I is ubiquitously expressed on the cell surface of nucleated cells and consists of a 45-kDa type I transmembrane glycoprotein (α-chain or heavy chain) and a 12-kDa soluble protein (β2-microglobulin, β2M)<sup>1,2</sup>. The α-chain consists of three domains (α1, α2, and α3)3. α1 and α2 form the closed antigen-binding groove and bind to 8-10 aa peptides derived from cytosolic antigens<sup>4-6</sup>. β2M noncovalently associates with α3, which is essential for MHC stability. H-2K plays a critical role in the adaptive immune response by presenting endogenous antigens to cytotoxic CD8 T cells. MHC class I molecules can also present exogenous antigens to CD8 T cells via a process known as cross-presentation<sup>7</sup>. The T cell receptor (TCR)/CD3 complex of CD8 T cells interacts with peptide-MHC class I, which induces CD8 T cell activation and subsequent cell-killing. CD8 molecules also bind to MHC class I, which helps augment TCR signaling<sup>8</sup>. In contrast to CD8 T cells, MHC class I is an inhibitory ligand for natural killer (NK) cells, promoting self tolerance9. MHC class I also contributes to the positive selection of CD8 T cells and NK cell specificity<sup>10,11</sup>.

#### **Known Reactivity Species:**

Mouse

#### Format:

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### Immunogen:

Con A stimulated spleen cells from BALB.B mice

#### **Formulation**

This monoclonal antibody is aseptically packaged and formulated in 0.01 M phosphate buffered saline (150 mM NaCl) PBS pH 7.2 - 7.4 with no carrier protein, potassium, calcium or preservatives added. Due to inherent biochemical properties of antibodies, certain products may be prone to precipitation over time. Precipitation may be removed by aseptic centrifugation and/or filtration.

### **Purity**

≥95% monomer by analytical SEC, >95% by SDS Page

#### **Endotoxin**

< 1.0 EU/mg as determined by the LAL method

### **Product Datasheet**

www.leinco.com



### Storage and Stability

Functional grade preclinical antibodies may be stored sterile as received at  $2-8^{\circ}$ C for up to one month. For longer term storage, aseptically aliquot in working volumes without diluting and store at  $\leq -70^{\circ}$ C.

### Avoid Repeated Freeze Thaw Cycles.

## **Product Preparation**

Functional grade preclinical antibodies are manufactured in an animal free facility using *in vitro* cell culture techniques and are purified by a multi-step process including the use of protein A or G to assure extremely low levels of endotoxins, leachable protein A or aggregates.

### Other Applications Reported in Literature:

FC

**WB** 

**ICC** 

IΡ

FA

### **Country of Origin**

**USA** 

#### References

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