

Human cMyc Antibody

Purified No Carrier Protein

Hybridoma Monoclonal Antibody

Product Information

Product No.: C590

Clone: 9E10

Isotype: Mouse IgG1 κ

Storage: Sterile 2° to 8°C

Product Description

Specificity:

9E10 activity is directed against human c-Myc and can cross-react with denatured murine c-Myc in some circumstances.

Antigen Distribution:

c-Myc is ubiquitously expressed during tissue development and in a wide variety of tumors. c-Myc is often studied in embryonic stem cells and induced pluripotent stem cells. c-Myc is mainly associated with cell nuclei.

Background:

c-Myc is an essential transcription factor that belongs to the superfamily of basic helix-loop-helix DNA-binding proteins that function in normal embryogenesis, acquisition and maintenance of stem cell properties, metabolism, cellular division, and cell death^{1,2}. c-Myc is also a proto-oncogene, originally identified in Burkitt lymphoma¹. Its dysregulation, by mutation or epigenetic modification, has been observed in over 50% of human cancers³. c-Myc regulates various cancer cellular functions, including cell cycle, survival, proliferation, and metabolic reprogramming¹, and is associated with tumor aggression and chemoresistance³. c-Myc has been suggested as a target for cancer immunotherapy² and various methods of inhibition have been studied^{1,2,3}.

9E10 was generated by immunizing a BALB/c mouse with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues 408-432 of human c-Myc conjugated to keyhole limpet hemocyanin via the cysteine residues⁴. Splenocytes were fused with SP2 myeloma cells. 9E10 failed to immunoprecipitate protein from Colo 320 HSR cell extracts during screening but did detect c-Myc in Western blotting. The 9E10 epitope has become a well-known affinity tag used in recombinant protein expression, i.e., the myc-tag⁵. The target epitope is the C terminal EQKLISEEDL peptide with the core sequence being LISE⁵ and the crystal structure and binding mode have been solved⁶. 9E10 detection has highly variable epitope recognition that is dependent on neighboring sequence context⁷. Additionally, cross-reactivity of 9E10 has been observed in murine cell lines in a fluorescence assay and by Western blotting⁸.

Known Reactivity Species:

Epitope Tag

Format:

Purified No Carrier Protein

Immunogen:

C-terminal region of human c-Myc

Formulation

This monoclonal antibody is aseptically packaged and formulated in 0.01 M phosphate buffered saline (150 mM NaCl) PBS pH 7.2 - 7.4 with no carrier protein, potassium, calcium or preservatives added.

Purity

≥90% monomer by analytical SEC and SDS-Page

Storage and Stability

Functional grade preclinical antibodies may be stored sterile as received at 2° to 8°C for up to one month. For longer term storage, aseptically aliquot in working volumes without diluting and store at ≤ -80°C.

Avoid Repeated Freeze Thaw Cycles

Other Applications Reported in Literature:

IHC,
IP,
IF,
WB,
ELISA,
FC

Country of Origin

USA

References

- 1) Yoshida GJ. J Exp Clin Cancer Res. Jul 27;37(1):173. 2018.
- 2) Llombart V, Mansour MR. EBioMedicine. 75:103756. 2022.
- 3) Fatma H, Maurya SK, Siddique HR. Semin Cancer Biol. 83:166-176. 2022.
- 4) Evan GI, Lewis GK, Ramsay G, et al. Mol Cell Biol. 5(12):3610-3616. 1985.
- 5) Hilpert K, Hansen G, Wessner H, et al. Protein Eng. 14(10):803-806. 2001.
- 6) Krauss N, Wessner H, Welfle K, et al. Proteins. 73(3):552-565. 2008.
- 7) Schüchner S, Behm C, Mudrak I, et al. Sci Signal. 28;13(616):eaax9730. 2020.
- 8) Siegel J, Brandner G, Hess RD. Int J Oncol. 13(6):1259-1262. 1998.
- 9) Varughese M, Chi A, Teixeira AV, et al. Mol Med. 4(2):87-95. 1998.
- 10) Fan H, Villegas C, Chan AK, et al. Biochem Cell Biol. 76(1):125-128. 1998.
- 11) Chan S, Gabra H, Hill F, et al. Mol Cell Probes. 1(1):73-82. 1987.
- 12) Porter MJ, Field JK, Leung SF, et al. Acta Otolaryngol. 114(1):105-109. 1994.
- 13) O'Leary JJ, Landers RJ, Crowley M, et al. J Clin Pathol. 50(11):896-903. 1997.
- 14) Feller K, Yang S, Tung N, et al. J Eur Acad Dermatol Venereol. 28(1):120-124. 2014.
- 15) Baker AM, Van Noorden S, Rodriguez-Justo M, et al. Histopathology. 69(2):222-229. 2016.